DRAFT SEX ESTABLISHMENT LICENSING POLICY
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1. Introduction

1.1 This document sets out Hackney Council’s draft policy (the “Policy”) regarding the regulation of sex establishments and the procedure relating to applications for sex establishment licences.

1.2 This document relates to applications for sex establishment licences covering:

- sex entertainment venues
- sex cinemas
- sex shops


1.4 The Council is mindful of possible concerns of the local community and that there can be conflict between applicants and objectors. The Policy will guide the Council when considering applications for licences in balancing the conflicting needs of commercial interests, patrons, employees, residents and communities.

1.5 The Council has considered the character of its wards and determined that the appropriate number of sex establishments for each ward is nil. It will not allow further licences to be granted where the appropriate number is exceeded. Please refer to paragraph 5 for more details.

1.6 The procedure sets out:

- the process for making an application, and
- the process the Council will follow in considering and determining an application for a sex establishment.
2. Review and Consultation

2.1 In developing the Policy for the three kinds of sex establishment (sex shop, sex cinema and sex entertainment venue), the Council has had regard to Schedule 3 of the Local Government (Miscellaneous provisions) Act 1982, as provided for under the Policing and Crime Act 2009. The draft Policy was approved for consultation by Licensing Committee on 23 March 2010. It is subject to change dependant upon any relevant government guidance and secondary legislation that may be issued.

2.2 The Council recognises the important role that regulatory authorities, the licensed trade, residents, businesses and other stakeholders have to play in influencing this Policy. It therefore intends to take a wide range of views on the Policy as part of its consultation which takes place over a twelve week period before finalising and publishing the Policy. Any unsolicited comments received will not be considered.

2.3 Consultation on this Policy will take place with:

- the Chief Officer of Police for the London Borough of Hackney
- one or more persons who appear to the authority to represent the interests of persons carrying on sex establishment businesses in the authority’s area (there are five existing sex establishments in the borough) and
- one or more persons who appear to the authority to represent the interests of persons who are likely to be affected by or otherwise have an interest in the Policy. This includes but is not limited to:
  - regulatory authorities such as the fire authority, community safety and child protection
  - interested parties such as resident associations and trade associations.

2.4 The Licensing Authority will give due weight to the views of those consulted and amend the Policy where appropriate following responses received. In determining what weight to give particular representations, the factors to be taken into account will include:

- who is making the representation (what is their expertise or interest)
- what their motivation may be for their views
- how many other people have expressed the same or similar views
- how far representations relate to matters the Council should include in its Policy.

2.5 The full list of consultees, comments made and their consideration by the Council is available on request from the Licensing Service or by email to licensing@hackney.gov.uk.
2.6 The Policy will be published via the Licensing website www.hackney.gov.uk/licensing. Hard copies will be available upon request from the Licensing Service.

2.7 Should you have any comments regarding this Policy, please send them via email or letter to:

FREEPOST LON18819  
The Consultation Team  
The London Borough of Hackney  
C/O Hackney Town Hall  
Mare Street  
London E8 1EA

2.8 Once adopted, the Council may review the Policy from time to time as it deems appropriate.
3. Definitions

The Act
This refers to Schedule 3 of the Local Government Miscellaneous Provisions Act 1982 (as amended by the Policing and Crime Act 2009).

The Policy
This refers to the draft sex establishment licensing policy.

Relevant locality
This is the locality where premises are situated or where the vehicle, vessel or stall is going to be used. The locality and the area that this covers is a matter for the local authority to decide. This Council has determined that each ward within the borough represents a relevant locality for the purposes of decision making. The Council may have regard to the area of more than one locality/ ward.

Character of the relevant locality
The character or characteristics of the locality where the premises are situated will be instrumental in determining whether or not the grant of a licence will be appropriate. This is a proper matter for the Council to consider based on local knowledge, factors and circumstances.

The Council
This means the London Borough of Hackney.

Display of nudity
This means:
- In the case of a woman: exposure of her nipples, pubic area, genitals or anus; and
- In the case of a man: exposure of his pubic area, genitals or anus

The licensed premises
This is the premises, vessel, vehicle or stall which is subject to a sex establishment licence. The premises will be in possession of all appropriate consents and permissions required to operate. Note that licences are not required for the sale, supply or demonstration of birth control items.

The Organiser
This is any person who is responsible for the organisation or management of the relevant entertainment or the premises.

Permitted hours
These are the hours of activity and operation that have been authorised under a sex establishment licence.
**Sex Articles**
A sex article is anything for use in connection with or for stimulating or encouraging sexual activity or acts of force or restraint which are associated with sexual activity.

**Sex Cinema**
A sex cinema is any premises, vessel, vehicle or stall used to a significant degree for the exhibition of moving pictures however produced, which are concerned primarily with the portrayal of, or primarily deal with or relate to or intending to stimulate or encourage sexual activity or genital organs or urinary excretory functions.

**Sexual Entertainment Venue**
A sexual entertainment venue is any premises where any live performance or any live display of nudity is of such a nature that, regardless of financial gain, it must reasonably be assumed to have been provided solely or mainly for the purpose of sexually stimulating any member of the audience.

**Sex Shop**
A sex shop is any premises, vehicle, vessel or stall used for a business which consists to a significant degree of selling, hiring, exchanging, lending, displaying or demonstrating sex articles or other things intended for use in connection with or for stimulating or encouraging sexual activity or acts of force or restraint which are associated with sexual activity.
4. **Policy Considerations**

4.1 This Policy applies to the London Borough of Hackney. Hackney had at June 2007 a population of between 209,700 (ONS Mid-Year Population Estimates, 2007) and 233,171 (“Estimating and profiling the population of Hackney”, Mayhew Associates 2008). Hackney has an area of 19 square kilometres, making it one of the smallest of the London boroughs but with a growing population density which is 2.3 times the London average (see appendix 1). Its size ranks 29th in comparison to the other boroughs; only Hammersmith & Fulham, Islington, Kensington & Chelsea and City of London have smaller areas. Hackney is primarily urban (residential, retail, offices, industrial etc.); this accounts for 50.3% of its land use. 22.6% of the borough is made up of parks, open spaces and waterways with 27.1% being roads and thoroughfares.

4.2 The Council’s vision is to achieve balanced, sustainable communities and neighbourhoods to enable a good quality of life for all. In consultation with its partners it has developed and adopted a number of strategies, policies and plans that set out how we mean to achieve this vision and it is the Council’s view that the granting of sex establishment licences would undermine the said vision.

4.3 In devising this Policy, regard has been given to the available data, findings, shared vision and plans informing Hackney’s Sustainable Community Strategy (the “Strategy”), adopted by the Council and Hackney’s local strategic partnership (Team Hackney) in November 2008 as well as data at appendix 1 to this Policy.

4.4 Whilst Hackney is part of a prosperous capital city with a diverse population, it is the second most deprived local authority area in the country. Good progress has been made in narrowing the gap of unemployment and economic inactivity between Hackney and London as a whole, but Hackney continues to have higher levels of unemployment than London as a whole and its employment rate continues to be amongst the lowest in the UK.

4.5 Almost four in ten working age people in Hackney receive means tested benefits. Almost half of those on Incapacity Benefit cite mental health or behavioural problems. Five in ten children in the borough live in families that are dependent on benefits. It is noted that Hackney’s communities have higher levels of illness and disability than elsewhere; 1 in 10 children and 1 in 6 adults at any one time has a mental health problem. In the Strategy it is a stated goal to close the gap in mental wellbeing between people from different backgrounds and between people living in the most and least deprived areas in the borough.
4.6 Local people continue to be more concerned about the level of crime than about anything else. Although crime levels have been falling significantly in recent years, attending to the needs of people feeling safe is important. Hackney seeks to further reduce crime and help people feel safer in the borough. Community policing and improved joint working have contributed to crime reduction. Young people are a particular focus of both prevention and offender support though despite successes over time young people remain over-represented both as perpetrators and victims of crime.

4.7 Hackney is a young borough. Almost 26% of the population is under 19. There is a significant caseload of looked after children and those on the child protection register. Young people in Hackney face significant pressure to engage in behaviour that makes them vulnerable to harm, for example, drugs, sex and crime. Gang related activity is an area that is being looked at through the Strategy, to engage and empower young people, particularly those at risk of becoming or who are involved in gang membership, antisocial behaviour and criminal activity.

4.8 The Strategy has the following vision for the borough in 2018:

- an aspirational, working borough, a vibrant part of this world city, renowned for its innovative and creative economy; a place that values the diversity of its neighbourhoods, and makes the most of their links across the globe to enrich the economic and social life of everyone who lives in the borough
- a borough with greater opportunity and prosperity for everyone, whatever their background, and narrowing economic environmental and health inequality. We will have secured the benefits arising from hosting the 2012 Olympic and Paralympic Games
- a green, cosmopolitan part of London with safe, strong and cohesive communities, and a shared sense of fairness, citizenship and social responsibility.

4.9 Hackney Council and its partners have identified two fundamental dynamics that will shape the borough over the coming decade – population growth and cohesion. The Strategy has six priorities set for the achievement of the vision:

1. Reduce poverty by supporting residents into sustainable employment, and promoting employment opportunities
2. Help residents to become better qualified and raise educational aspirations
3. Promote health and well being for all, and support independent living
4. Make the borough safer, and help people to feel safe in Hackney
5. Promote mixed communities in well-designed neighbourhoods, where people can access high quality, affordable housing
6. Be a sustainable community, where all citizens take pride in and take care of Hackney and its environment for future generations.

4.10 The borough’s Local Development Framework Core Strategy (“Core Strategy”) sets the strategic direction for delivering the spatial elements of the Strategy. Its vision is that by 2026 Hackney has exploited its great strengths as a prime location in London and one of the most diverse communities in the country. Alongside supporting the objectives of the Strategy it sets out how the expected population and economic growth will lead to identified key areas across the borough changing in different ways.

4.11 The Council aims to integrate this Policy with the objectives of the Sustainable Community Strategy and the Core Strategy so that it contributes to achieving the vision of the borough. As such and with reference to appendix 1, the provision of sex establishments is considered by this Council to contradict and undermine its stated aims and exacerbate the challenges it faces in bringing about positive, genuinely sustainable characterful and thriving neighbourhoods which support the need and principle of upskilling its population and closing the education gap across its communities. The Council’s “nil per ward policy” responds to this concern and in addition to the above is based on the following borough factors which justify this safeguarding regulatory step:

- The relative size of the borough taken as a whole
- Population density and growth trends
- Ward profiles
- Borough profile
- Poor economic and health specific deprivation indices
- Level of social housing and tenure
- Areas subjected to regeneration initiatives
- Locations of:
  - Premises attracting vulnerable people such as GP surgeries and addiction centres
  - Areas and premises attracting families such as leisure and sport facilities and play spaces and play path finders, parks and open spaces
  - Premises attracting young people such as schools, nurseries and other educational establishments
  - Our diverse cultural communities
  - Places of worship

4.12 It is the Council’s view that having regard to each ward and recognising that because of the mix of uses, the character, the strategic vision and the existing locations of particular types of premises in those wards, it would be inappropriate for sex establishments to be located in its wards. The association that sex establishments have with a part of the “sex industry”
and adult entertainment means that they are not suitable for location in those parts of the borough associated with commerce, family retail and entrepreneurship, nor are they appropriate for location in residential areas or areas frequented by families and children.

4.13 Working with its Team Hackney partners in Health, Education, the Police and the business and voluntary sectors, the Council will continue to ensure that it reasonably and proportionately reflects the needs of its local communities through:
- continued meaningful consultation
- the promotion of a consistent and fair approach to regulation
- consultation with the police and other agencies as appropriate, to establish protocols for effective enforcement

4.14 The Council understands that the co-ordination and integration of policies, strategies and initiatives is important. This policy takes account of, and is supported by, other Council policies and relevant legislation mentioned below. Through partnership working, the Council will seek to secure the proper integration of its Policy with other licensing policies, local crime prevention, planning, tourism, race equality schemes and cultural strategies, and any other plans introduced for the management of town centres and the night time economy.

4.15 This Policy has therefore had regard to:

- Hackney’s Local Area Agreement 2007-2010
- The Safer Cleaner Partnership (Crime & Disorder Reduction Partnership)
- Hackney Substance Misuse Strategy
- Hackney’s Enforcement Policy
- Hackney’s Cultural Strategy
- Hackney’s Local Development Framework (LDF)
- Town Centre Management
- Regeneration Delivery Framework
- Section 17 of the Crime and Disorder Act 1998
- The Human Rights Act 1998
- The Disability Discrimination Act 1995
- Hackney’s Statement of Licensing Policy (Licensing Act 2003)
- Hackney’s Statement of Licensing Policy (Gambling Act 2005)
- Provision of Services Regulations 2009
5. **General Policy**

5.1 **Principles to be applied**

5.1.1 Specific mandatory grounds for refusal of a licence are set out in the Act.

A licence cannot be granted:

a) to anyone under 18 years of age
b) to someone who has held a licence that was revoked in the last 12 months (from the date of revocation)
c) to someone who has been refused a new or renewal of licence within the last 12 months (from the date of making the application)
d) to an individual who is not resident in the United Kingdom or has not been resident for six months prior to the making of an application
e) to a company not incorporated in the United Kingdom

5.1.2 The Council has determined that the following principles will apply.
5.1.3 The Council has set a limit on the number of sex establishments that it thinks is appropriate for its relevant localities. The Council treats each ward in the borough as a relevant locality. Having regard to its analysis, the Council has determined that the appropriate numbers of sex establishments for each ward is as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Ward</th>
<th>Appropriate Number</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Brownswood</td>
<td>Nil</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cazenove</td>
<td>Nil</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chatham</td>
<td>Nil</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Clissold</td>
<td>Nil</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dalston</td>
<td>Nil</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>De Beauvoir</td>
<td>Nil</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hackney Central</td>
<td>Nil</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hackney Downs</td>
<td>Nil</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Haggerston</td>
<td>Nil</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hoxton</td>
<td>Nil</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kings Park</td>
<td>Nil</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lea Bridge</td>
<td>Nil</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lordship</td>
<td>Nil</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>New River</td>
<td>Nil</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Queensbridge</td>
<td>Nil</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Springfield</td>
<td>Nil</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Stoke Newington</td>
<td>Nil</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Victoria</td>
<td>Nil</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Wick</td>
<td>Nil</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

5.1.4 There is no right of appeal against a decision based on this element of the Policy.

5.2 Other considerations

General

5.2.1 Every application will be considered on its merits on a case by case basis in determining applications to grant, refuse, renew, transfer or vary a licence.

5.2.2 The applicant must effectively address the policies on the appropriate number and the character of the relevant locality/ ward in order for any grant of an application to be considered.
5.2.3 Sex establishments are not to be functionally visible to passers by on retail thoroughfares or pedestrian routes. Premises should be at basement level or with a main entrance away from such routes.

5.2.4 The Council shall have regard to all relevant considerations, including any representations received and comments made by:

- Ward Councillors
- Police
- Fire Brigade
- Planning Service
- Pollution Group
- Community Safety
- Licensing Authority
- Interested Parties (local residents / businesses)
- Any representations made by the applicant.

New applications

5.2.5 The Council may also refuse a licence if:

a) the applicant is unsuitable to hold a licence because they have been convicted of an offence or for any other reason
b) were the licence to be granted, renewed or transferred, the business to which it relates would be managed or carried on for the benefit of a person other than the applicant, who would have been refused a licence if they had applied themselves
c) the number of sex establishments or sex establishments of a particular kind in the relevant locality at the time the application is determined is equal to or exceeds the number which the authority consider is appropriate for that locality (please refer to paragraph 5.1.3)
d) the grant or renewal of licence would be inappropriate having regard to:
   i. the character of the relevant locality
   ii. the use to which any premises in the vicinity are put; or
   ii. the layout, character or condition of the premises, vehicle, vessel or stall in respect of which the application is made.

5.2.6 The Council shall not normally grant a licence to operate as a sex establishment if the character of the surrounding area to the proposed licensed premises is such that granting a licence is considered inappropriate.

5.2.7 The Council shall not normally grant a licence to operate as a sex establishment where there are residentially occupied premises, schools
(including nursery groups) and other places / access routes used to a significant degree by children or young persons, or places of worship within 50 metres of the premises seeking a licence.

5.2.8 The Council shall not normally grant a licence to operate as a sex establishment, if it will result in more than one premises licensed as a sex establishment within 100 metres of residentially occupied premises, schools (including nursery groups) and other places / access routes used to a significant degree by children or young persons, or places of worship.

5.2.9 The Council may also have regard to the following factors:

a) the proximity of residents to the premises, including any sheltered housing and accommodation for vulnerable persons

b) the proximity of educational establishments to the premises

c) the proximity of places of worship to the premises

d) access routes to and from schools, play areas, nurseries, children’s centres or similar premises

e) the proximity to shopping centres

f) the proximity to community facilities / halls and public buildings such as swimming pools, leisure centres, public parks, youth centres / clubs (this list is not exhaustive)

g) the potential impact of the licensed activity on crime and disorder and public nuisance

h) the potential cumulative impact of licensed premises in the area taking into account the days and hours of operation of the activity and the character of the locality where the premises are situated

i) the nature and concerns of any objections received from residents/establishments objecting to the licence application.

j) any evidence of complaints about noise and/or disturbance caused by the premises.

k) current planning permission/ planning requirements on the premises

l) any current planning policy considerations
m) proximity of other sex establishments

n) whether there is planned regeneration of the area

o) any current licensing permissions related to the premises in relation to activities, uses and hours

p) comments/observations of the Police and Council personnel, including compliance with licensing conditions, relevant history (including noise complaints) together with details of previous convictions/prosecutions pending.

q) the suitability and fitness of an applicant to hold a licence. In determining suitability for a licence, the Council shall normally take into account:
   • previous knowledge and experience of the applicant
   • any evidence of the operation of any existing/previous licence held by the applicant, including any licence held in any other borough
   • any report about the applicant and management of the premises received from objectors or the Police and any criminal convictions or cautions of the applicant
   • any other relevant reason

5.2.10 The above factors are not an exhaustive list of considerations but are merely indicative of the types of factors which may be considered in dealing with an application.

5.2.11 All applications for new licences for sex establishments, as described in the Act shall be referred to the Licensing Sub-Committee for decision.

Renewal Applications

5.2.12 Where a licence was in existence before the introduction of this Policy, this Policy will become a consideration when the licence is due for renewal.

5.2.13 When considering a renewal application the Council may take into account the criteria set out at paragraph 5.2.9 a) – q), and:

   a) the type of activity to which the application relates
   b) the duration of the proposed licence
   c) the days and hours of operation of the activity
   d) the layout and condition of the premises
   e) the use to which other premises in the vicinity are put
f) the character of the locality in which the proposed premises are situated

g) the levels of crime and disorder in the area

h) past demonstrable adverse impact from the activity

i) whether appropriate measures have been agreed and put into effect by the applicant to mitigate any adverse impacts

5.2.14 It should be noted that the Council in applying its decision-making discretion may consider it appropriate to refuse the renewal of the licence even where there has been no change in the character of the relevant locality or in the use to which any premises in the locality are put.

5.2.15 If a renewal application is not opposed, it shall be approved under authority delegated to relevant officer(s). All contested applications for renewal, as described in the Act shall be referred to the Licensing Sub-Committee for decision.

Variation Applications

5.2.16 Where an application is made to vary any of the terms and conditions of an existing licence, whether on renewal or not, the Council will take into account the criteria as set out in paragraphs 5.2.9 a) – q) and 5.2.13 a) – i) above.
6. The Application Process

Making an application

6.1 Any application should be made in writing to the Licensing Service. The Service is open from 9.00 am to 5.00 pm, Monday to Friday. The Service contact number is 020 8356 2431. Please note that generally, applications may take 8 to 12 weeks to determine.

6.2 Applicants for a licence must complete and return the application form (which can be provided on request from the Licensing Service) together with:

- five sets of floor plans, drawn to scale and showing all means of entry and exit, any parts used in common with any other building and indicating how the premises lie in relation to the street;

- five sets of plans showing the existing and front elevation of the premises depicting all signage;

- five sets of plans (scale 1:500) showing the sex establishment in relation to other premises within 100 metres;

- five sets of plans (scale 1:50) showing the layout of the sex establishment;

- the correct fee as set by the Council’s Licensing Committee

6.3 As part of the application process, applicants are required to post an A3 notice at the proposed site for 21 days, from the date the application is lodged with the Council, setting out the application details. Notices are available from the Licensing Service. The notice must be posted in a prominent position for the whole of that time and be easily read by passers-by.

6.4 Applicants are also required to place a public notice in the Hackney Gazette or Hackney Today newspaper, at their expense. A specimen advertisement is available from the Licensing Service. The newspaper notice should appear in the publication within 7 days of the application being lodged.

6.5 Officers from Building Control and the Fire Authority will inspect the premises to ensure that required technical standards are met. If works are required to bring the building up to standard, the applicant will be notified. Licences will not be issued until all required works are satisfactorily completed.
6.6 As part of the established procedure for dealing with applications, Pollution Group officers are consulted. If there is the possibility of noise nuisance for example from amplified music, these officers may also carry out an inspection and recommend noise insulation work. Any requirements they identify must be complied with at all times any licence is in force.

6.7 Comments on applications are also sought from local Ward Members, the Police, the Head of Planning and any other relevant person as deemed appropriate by the Council.

6.8 Applicants are warned that any person who, in connection with an application for the grant renewal or transfer of a licence, makes a statement which s/he knows to be false in any material respect, or which s/he does not believe to be true, is guilty of an offence and liable to summary conviction to a fine not exceeding £20,000.

6.9 Any licence approved does not constitute any approval under any other Acts (eg the Town and Country Planning Act 1990) or Bye-Laws. The applicant must ensure that all other necessary consents and approvals are obtained prior to operation.

6.10 The Council will not determine an application for grant of a licence unless the applicant allows an authorised officer a reasonable opportunity to enter the proposed sex establishment to make such examination and enquiries as may be necessary to determine the suitability of the applicant and the sex establishment.

6.11 On the grant of a licence, the licence document will have the agreed days and hours of operation set out, together with any other specific and/or standard conditions applied. Licence holders must comply with this.

Renewal of Licences

6.12 To continue operating as a sex establishment, licence holders must make a renewal application prior to the expiry of the existing licence.

6.13 The Council will not determine an application for renewal of a licence unless the applicant allows an authorised officer a reasonable opportunity to enter the proposed sex establishment to make such examination and enquiries as may be necessary to determine the suitability of the applicant and the sex establishment.
Variation of Licence

6.14 The application form, with relevant plans and fee should be sent to the Licensing Service. Please note that applications for variation of licence are also subject to the site and newspaper notice requirements set out in the above paragraphs 6.3 and 6.4.

6.15 Variation applications relate only to proposed changes to such matters as the hours and area of the premises covered by the licence. Any changes in Licensee must be the subject of a transfer application.

6.16 All variation applications for sex establishment licences must be referred to the Council’s Licensing Sub-Committee for decision. Applicants must not operate any revised or varied arrangements until such an application has been approved and any revised or varied licence has been issued.

Transfer of Licence

6.17 The Council will not determine an application for transfer of a licence unless the applicant allows an authorised officer a reasonable opportunity to enter the proposed sex establishment to make such examination and enquiries as may be necessary to determine the suitability of the applicant and the sex establishment.

Representations on an Application

6.18 Any person wishing to object to an application must submit a written representation within the 28 day consultation period specified to the Licensing Service, setting out the grounds of objection.

6.19 The Council will weigh up and balance the interests of the applicant with those of the local community in reaching a decision on a licence application. Valid representations must be made within 28 days of the application being submitted. Representations made before the application is submitted can be taken into account. The Council also has discretion to consider representations made after the 28 day consultation period although this will be assessed on a case by case basis.

6.20 The legislation dictates that, unless a person making representations consents, their name and address shall not be revealed to the applicant. They may also be reluctant to appear before a hearing of the Sub-Committee.

6.21 However, the grounds of any objection made on the application must be provided to the applicant prior to the determination of the application. The report to the Licensing Sub-Committee may have full details of the
objections, including any actions / undertakings proposed by the applicant to address matters raised.

6.22 Additionally, the applicant and any persons who made representations and who wish to attend the hearing will have the opportunity to address the Licensing Sub-committee before the application is determined.
7. **Duration of Licence**

7.1 Sex Establishment Licences will normally expire on an annual basis, but can be issued for a shorter term if deemed appropriate.
8. Appeals

8.1 There is no right of appeal:
   ■ against refusal of licence on the grounds set out in paragraph 5.1.1 or 5.1.3 above, unless an applicant can prove the appropriate ground of refusal does not apply to them
   ■ where refusal of licence is based on the grounds set out in paragraph 5.2.5 (c) and (d) above
   ■ against conditions applied to a licence

8.2 Any appeal to the Magistrates’ Court must be made within 21 days from the date on which the person is notified of the decision or became aware of the condition.

8.3 Where an appeal is lodged (other than on grounds stated at paragraph 8.1) against refusal to renew or for revocation, the licence remains in force until such time as the appeal is determined. Where an appeal is lodged against conditions applied to a licence, the conditions are deemed not to come into force until the determination or abandonment of the appeal.
Appendix 1: Character and Locality Maps

Land Use in Hackney
© Copyright ‘Cities Revealed’ 2002

Land Use in Hackney
- Urban (residential, retail, industrial, offices, educational buildings etc.)
- Roads and thoroughfares
- Parks and all open spaces
- Waterways (rivers, reservoirs, lakes and ponds)
- Hackney borough boundary
Sex Entertainment Venue Locational Factors

- Residential Dwellings
- Special Schools
- Hackney Places of Worship
- Schools
- Childrens Centres
- Hackney Parks and Green Regions
- Hackney Mask
London Borough of Hackney – Draft Sex Establishment Licensing Policy
Based on lower level Super Output Areas.
(Source: Indices of Deprivation 2004
© Crown Copyright - ODPM).

'Income Deprivation Affecting Children'
Most Deprived SOA's on a National Level
- In 10% most deprived SOA's in England
- In 10-20% most deprived SOA's in England
- In 20-30% most deprived SOA's in England
- In 30-40% most deprived SOA's in England
- Outside top 40% (least deprived)

Hackney Ward boundaries
Main sport and leisure facilities

1. STOKE NEWINGTON WEST RESERVOIR CENTRE, Green Lanes, N4
2. CASTLE CLIMBING CENTRE, Green Lanes, N4
3. CLISSOLD LEISURE CENTRE (temporarily closed, reopens 2006)
   63 Clissold Road, N16
4. LEASIDE TRUST, Leaside Centre, Spring Lane, E5
5. KINGS HALL LEISURE CENTRE, 39 Lower Clapton Rd, E5
6. LONDON FIELDS LIDO (under refurbishment, reopens 2006)
   London Fields West Side, E8
7. QUEENSBORIDGE SPORTS AND COMMUNITY CENTRE, 36 Holly St, E8
8. BRITANNIA LEISURE CENTRE, 40 Hyde Rd, N1
9. SPACE CENTRE, 17 Falkirk St, N1
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